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#### A) Investment Fund Information

#### معلومات صندوق الاستثمار

#### 1) Name of the Investment Fund

1) اسم صندوق الاستثمار

SNB Capital International Trade Fund

صندوق الأهلى للمتاجرة العالمية

#### 2) Investment Objectives and Policies

## 2) أهداف وسياسات الاستثمار وممارساته

• Fund's Objectives:

The Fund aims to capital preservation and appreciation, and to provision the liquidity at the Investor's request, in

• أهداف الصندوق:

يهدف الصندوق إلى المحافظة على رأس المال وتنميته، وتوفير السيولة عند طلب المستثمر بما يتوافق مع ضوابط اللجنة الشرعية.

a Sharia-compliant manner.Investment Policies and Practices:

The Fund mainly invests in Money Market transactions and Sharia-compliant short-term financial instruments, such as Murabaha, Wakala, Mudaraba and Musharaka, Fixed Income Instruments, swaps, Repurchase Agreements (Repos), Reverse Repurchase Agreements, and Asset-Backed Securities.

سياسات الاستثمار وممارساته:

يستثمر الصندوق بشكل أساسي في صفقات أسواق النقد الأدوات المالية قصيرة الأجل المتوافقة مع الضوابط الشرعية، وهي على سبيل المثال: صفقات المرابحة والوكالة والمضارية والمشاركة، وأدوات الدخل الثابت، والبدائل الشرعية لاتفاقيات المبادلة، واتفاقيات إعادة الشراء، واتفاقيات إعادة الشراء المعاكس، والأوراق المالية المدعومة بأصول.

#### 3) Distribution of Income & Gain Policy

3) سياسة توزيع الدخل والأرباح

The Fund does not distribute periodic profits to the unitholders

لا يقوم الصندوق بتوزيع أي أرباح دورية على مالكي الوحدات.

4) The fund's reports are available upon request free of charge. 4) تتاح تقارير الصندوق عند الطلب وبدون مقابل.

## 5) The fund's benchmark and the service provider's website (if any)

المؤشر الاسترشادي للصندوق، والموقع الإلكتروني لمزود الخدمة (إن

30-day rolling average of the 1-month term SOFR rate. For more information, please visit service provider website Thomson Reuters.

المعدل المتحرك لأخر 30 يوم لمؤشر سوفر لأجل محدد لمدة شهر واحد. ولمزيد من المعلومات، يرجى زيارة موقع مزود الخدمة شركة تومسون رويترز.



#### ب) أداء الصندوق

1) A comparative table covering the last three financial years/or since inception, highlighting:

 جدول مقارنة يغطى السنوات المالية الثلاث الأخيرة/ أو منذ التأسيس، يوضح:

Year	2024	2023	2022	السنة
NAV*	130,914,508.74	115,625,874	102,861,790	صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق*
NAV per Unit*	3.07	2.92	2.77	صافي قيمة أصول الصندوق لكل وحدة*
ECL NAV*	3.07	2.92	2.77	سعر الوحدة مع الخسائر الائتمانية المتوقعة*
Highest Price per Unit*	3.07	2.92	2.78	أعلى سعر وحدة*
Lowest Price per Unit *	2.92	2.77	2.73	أقل سعر وحدة*
Number of Units	42,642,884	39,661,549	37,061,330	عدد الوحدات
Income Distribution Per Unit	N/A	N/A	N/A	قيمة الأرباح الموزعة لكل وحدة
Fees & Expense Ratio	0.59%	0.63%	0.59%	نسبة الرسوم والمصروفات
Percentage of borrowed assets from the total asset value, the period of their exposure period and due date (if any)	N/A	N/A	N/A	نسبة الأصول المقترضة من إجمالي قيمة الأصول، ومدة انكشافها وتاريخ استحقاقها (إن وجدت)
*In USD				*ىالدولار الأمرىكي

<sup>111 0315</sup> 

#### 2) A performance record that covers the following:

 The total return for the fund compared to the benchmark for 1 year, 3 years, 5 years and since inception: سجل أداء يغطي ما يلي:
 أ. العائد الإجمالي للصندوق مقارنة بالمؤشر لسنة واحدة،

ثلاث سنوات، خمس سنوات ومنذ التأسيس:

Period	منذ التأسيس Since Inception	5 Years 5 سنوات	3 Years 3 سنوات	1 Year سنة	الفترة
Return %	2.51	2.67	3.94	5.28	عائد الصندوق %
Benchmark %	2.66	2.46	4.00	5.24	عائد المؤشر %

b. The annual total return for the fund compared to the benchmark for the last 10 years/ or since inception:

 ب. العائد الإجمالي السنوي للصندوق مقارنة بالمؤشر للعشر سنوات الماضية/ أو منذ التأسيس:

السنة 2024 2023 2022 2016 2015 Year 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 عائد الصندوق % Return % 5.28 5.06 1.50 0.38 1.22 2.60 2.00 1.32 1.16 0.43 عائد المؤشر % Benchmark % 1.78 0.08 5.24 5.02 -0.03 0.4 2.13 1.90 0.99 0.37



c. Actual fees and fund expenses paid by the investment fund during the year as a percentage of average Net Asset Value:

مقابل الخدمات والعمولات والأتعاب التي دفعها الصندوق على مدار العام كنسبة مئوية من متوسط صافي قيمة أصول

الصندوق:

Fees and Expenses	ألف دولار USD <b>'000</b>	النسبة المئوية %	الرسوم والمصروفات
Management Fees	665	%0.45	أتعاب الإدارة
VAT on Management Fees	100	%0.07	ضريبة القيمة المضافة على أتعاب الإدارة
Custodian Fees	6	%0.00	رسوم الحفظ
Auditor Fees	15	%0.01	أتعاب مراجع الحسابات
Fund Admin Expenses	70	%0.05	مصاريف العمليات الإدارية
CMA Fees	4	%0.00	رسوم هيئة السوق المالية
Tadawul Fees	0	%0.00	رسوم نشر معلومات الصندوق على موقع تداول
Other Expenses	1	%0.00	مصاريف أخرى
Shariah Committee Fees	7	%0.00	أتعاب خدمات اللجنة الشرعية
Independent Fund Board	1	%0.00	وكافآت أعط الموجاب الدابقالون وقبالب تقابين

### ز) تغيرات جوهرية حدثت خلال الفترة (3) Material Changes

%0.00

%0.59

1

867

- The U.S Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) shifted to an easing monetary policy stance in 2024. The committee implemented a series of interest rate cuts with the objective of supporting economic growth amid moderating inflation and a cooling labor market. The fed fund policy rate (FFR) decreased by a total 100 bps, from 5.50% in December 2023 to 4.50% in December 2024.

Remunerations

**Total Fees and Expenses** 

- The shift in monetary policy stance by central banks extended worldwide in 2024. The Saudi Central Bank (SAMA) cut each of its policy rates by a total of 100 bps YoY, the Repo rate dropped from 6.00% to 5.00%, and the Reverse repo rate from 5.50 % to 4.50 % by December 2024.
- The U.S. Treasury yield-curve steepened in 2024 compared to 2023 with the 10-year UST yield increasing to 4.57% by 69 bps, and the 5-Year UST yield increasing to 4.38% by 53 bps, while the 2-year UST yield remained somewhat stable at 4.24% down by 1 bp YoY signaling an improved economic sentiment.
- The SAR Sovereign Sukuk shifted upward in all tenors; the 2-years,5-year and 10- years terms. The 2-Year Sukuk yield increased by 44 bps to 5.19%, and the 5-Year Sukuk yield increased by 84 bps to 5.42%, while the 10-year Sukuk yield increased by 84 bps to 5.66%.

شهدت اللجنة الفيدرالية الأمريكية للسوق المفتوحة (FOMC) تحولًا ملحوطًا نحو اعتماد سياسة نقدية أكثر مرونة خلال عام 2024. قامت اللجنة بتنفيذ سلسلة من القرارات المتعلقة بخفض أسعار الفائدة، بهدف دعم النمو الاقتصادي وسط انخفاض معدلات التضخم وتراجع نشاط سوق العمل. وقد انخفض معدل الفائدة على الأموال الفيدرالية (FFR) بمقدار إجمالي بلغ 100 نقطة أساس، لينخفض من 5.50% في ديسمبر 2024.

مكافآت أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق المستقلين

مجموع الرسوم والمصاريف

- كما اتسع نطاق هذا التحول في السياسة النقدية ليشمل البنوك المركزية عالميًا، حيث قام البنك المركزي السعودي (ساما) بخفض معدلات سياسته النقدية بمقدار إجمالي 100 نقطة أساس خلال العام. وشمل ذلك انخفاض معدل اتفاقيات إعادة الشراء (الريبو) من 6.00% إلى 5.50% إلى ومعدل اتفاقيات إعادة الشراء العكسي (الريبو العكسي) من 5.50% إلى 4.50
- شهد منحنى العائد على سندات الخزانة الأمريكية تغيرات ملحوظة خلال عام 2024، حيث سجلت عوائد السندات طويلة الأجل ارتفاعًا مقارنة بالعام السابق. ارتفع عائد السندات لأجل 10 سنوات بمقدار 69 نقطة أساس ليصل إلى 4.57%، كما ارتفع عائد السندات لأجل 5 سنوات بمقدار 53 نقطة أساس ليبلغ 4.38%. وفي المقابل، استقر عائد السندات لأجل سنتين عند 4.24% مع انخفاض طفيف بمقدار 1 نقطة أساس.
- شهد منحنى الصكوك السيادية السعودية بالريال السعودي ارتفاع في جميع الفترات الزمنية, ارتفع عائد الصكوك لأجل سنتين بمقدار 44 نقطة أساس ليصل إلى 5.19%، وارتفع عائد الصكوك لأجل 5 سنوات بمقدار 84 نقطة أساس ليبلغ 5.42%. في المقابل، سجل عائد الصكوك لأجل 10 سنوات ارتفاعا بمقدار 84 نقاط أساس ليصل إلى 5.66%.



- SAIBOR Saudi Arabian Interbank Offered Rate (SAIBOR) decreased across all tenors; 1-Month, 3-Month, and 12-Month SAIBOR decreased by 29 Bps, 69 Bps, and 75 Bps reaching levels of 5.62%, 5.54%, and 5.25% respectively.
- The 1-Month, 3-Month, and 12-Month Term SOFR rates have also declined YoY as the 1-Month, 3-Month, and 12-Month tenors decreased by 102 Bps, 103 Bps, and 60 Bps reaching levels of 4.33%, 4.30%, and 4.17% respectively.
- Saudi Sovereign debt issuances amounted to SAR 245 Bln in 2024, taking the total outstanding government indebtedness to SAR 1,216 Bln, equivalent to 29.7% of GDP, compared to 26.2% closing 2023.
- Excess Saudi Riyal liquidity in the banking sector measured by the net daily average reverse repo volumes

   averaged SAR 45 Bln for the year, an increase of 66% compared to 2023. Broader money supply (M3) steadily increased during the year reaching SAR 2.94 Tln (+8.89% YoY).
- Brent crude oil price remained relatively range-bound, decreasing slightly from an average of \$82 per barrel to \$80 per barrel in 2024 (-3% YoY), with increased production from non-OPEC countries, and despite geopolitical tensions.

- سجلت معدلات الإقراض بين البنوك السعودية (سايبور) انخفاضًا ملحوظًا على مختلف الفترات الزمنية خلال عام 2024. حيث تراجع معدل السايبور لفترة شهر واحد بمقدار 29 نقطة أساس ليصل إلى 5.62%، وانخفض معدل السايبور لفترة ثلاثة أشهر بمقدار 69 نقطة أساس ليبلغ 5.54%، بينما شهد معدل السايبور لفترة اثني عشر شهرًا انخفاضًا بمقدار 75 نقطة أساس ليسجل 5.25%.
- تراجعت معدلات التمويل (سوفر) عبر فترات زمنية مماثلة خلال العام، حيث انخفض معدل الشهر الواحد بمقدار 102 نقطة أساس ليصل إلى 4.33%، بينما سجل معدل الثلاثة أشهر انخفاضًا بمقدار 103 نقاط أساس ليصل إلى 4.30%، وانخفض معدل الاثني عشر شهرًا بمقدار 60 نقطة أساس ليصل إلى 4.17% بنهاية العام.
- بلغت إصدارات الدين السيادي السعودي خلال عام 2024, 245 مليار ريال رفع إجمالي الدين الحكومي القائم إلى 1,216 مليار ريال، ما يعادل 29.7%من الناتج المحلى الإجمالي، مقارنة بـ 26.2%بنهاية عام 2023.
- بلغت مستويات السيولة الفائضة للريال السعودي في القطاع المصرفي، المتمثلة في المتوسط اليومي لعمليات إعادة الشراء العكسي، لتصل إلى 45 مليار ريال سعودي خلال عام 2024، بزيادة قدرها 66%مقارنة بالعام السابق. كما سجل عرض النقود (M3) ارتفاعًا بنهاية العام بنسبة 88.8%ليصل إلى 2.94 تريليون ريال سعودي.
- انخفض متوسط سعر خام برنت من 82 دولارًا للبرميل في عام 2023 إلى 80 دولارًا للبرميل خلال عام 2024، مسجلًا تراجعًا (ما يعادل 3% على أساس سنوي). جاء هذا الانخفاض نتيجة لزيادة الإنتاج من الدول غير الأعضاء في منظمة أوبك، وعلى الرغم من استمرار التوترات الجيوسياسية.

#### 4) Exercising of Voting Rights

No voting rights were exercised during the year.

#### 5) Fund Board Annual Report

#### a. Names of Fund Board Members

- Mohammad AlSaggaf Chairman Non-Independent Member
- Lloyd Kawara Non-Independent Member
- Dr. Basmah Al-Tuwaijri Independent Member
- Nasser Aldegaither Independent Member

#### b. A brief about of the fund board members' qualifications

Mohammad AlSaggaf: Head of Wealth Management Division at SNB Capital Company. He has 25 years of experience in the banking and financial institutions sector. Muhammad joined Saudi National Group in 1994 G in the Retail Banking Services Department, then he joined the Investment Department in 2004 G. He was also a part of the establishment team of SNB Capital Company in 2007 G as a Head of the Elite Clients and Individuals for the Central Region. During his presidency of the division, he held several positions as a member and chairman in some internal committees and in the board of directors of some investment funds before assuming the position of Head of Wealth Management Division in 2021G.

**Lloyd Kawara:** Chief Risk Officer at SNB Capital and he was hired as Vice President of Market Risk at SNB Capital in February 2015. Prior to that he worked at the African Development Bank where he was Principal Treasury Risk

# لم تتم أي ممارسات تصويت خلال العام. 5) تقرير مجلس إدارة الصندوق السنوى

#### أسماء أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق

- محمد السقاف رئيس مجلس إدارة الصندوق عضو غير مستقل
  - لوید کورا عضو غیر مستقل

4) ممارسات التصويت السنوية

- د. بسمة التويجري عضو مستقل
  - ا ناصر الدغيثر عضو مستقل

#### ب. نبذة عن مؤهلات أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق

محمد السقاف: رئيس إدارة الثروات في شركة الأهلي المالية. يتمتع بخبرة 25 سنة في قطاع البنوك والمؤسسات المالية. التحق محمد بمجموعة الأهلي السعودي عام 1994 م في إدارة الخدمات المصرفية للأفراد ومن ثم التحق بإدارة الاستثمار عام 2004، كما كان من فريق العمل المؤسس لشركة الأهلي المالية عام الاستثمار عام 2004، النخبة والأفراد للمنطقة الوسطى وخلال فترة رئاسته للإدارة شغل عدة مناصب كعضو ورئيس في بعض اللجان الداخلية ومجالس إدارات الصناديق الاستثمارية قبل توليه منصب مدير إدارة الثروات في 2021. لويد كورا: رئيس إدارة المخاطر وتم تعيينه بمنصب نائب رئيس إدارة مخاطر السوق بشركة الأهلي المالية في فبراير 2015م. وعمل قبل ذلك في البنك الإفريقي للتنمية بوظيفة مسؤول إدارة المخاطر المالية، حيث تولى مهام وإدارة مخاطر العبر والسوق والاستثمار والموجودات والمطلوبات، ولديه أكثر من (13) سنة من الخبرة المصرفية أمضى (9) منها في أدوار عليا في إدارة المخاطر في المنطقة، ومنها رئيس إدارة المخاطر في بنك الخير، البحرين، ورئيس إدارة المخاطر في بنك البحرين والشرق الأوسط، ومسؤول إدارة المخاطر في بنك الرباض . يحمل لويد



Officer, managing counterparty risk, market risk, investment and asset liability risks, and he has over (13) years of banking experience, of which (9) years were spent in senior risk management roles within the region, including as Chief Risk Officer for Bank Alkhair BSC Bahrain and Head of Risk for Bahrain Middle East Bank and Risk Management Officer with Riyad Bank. Lloyd is a CFA charter holder, a Certified Financial Risk Manager (FRM) with Global Association of Risk Professionals (USA), a Chartered Alternative Investment Analyst with CAIA (USA) and an Associate Chartered Management Accountant with CIMA (UK).

Basmah Al-Tuwaijri: Retired from academic work at King Saud University, independent researcher, member of the Financial Sector and Finance Committee in the Riyadh Chamber, a Member in the SBWA - Saudi Business Women Association (A private association), member of the supervisory board of the Think Tank Forum. Dr. Basmah worked as a faculty member in the Finance Department of the College of Business Administration in King Saudi University for more than (20); during which, she taught different courses in the topics of corporate finance, investment, portfolio management and financial markets. In addition, she held several leadership positions in academics and administration, and contributed in developing the strategic plan for King Saud University and conducting the internal studies for academic accreditation. She holds a PhD in finance from King Saud University. She has several publications in the field of corporate governance and financial markets.

Nasser Aldegaither: Deputy Governor for shared services at the General Authority of foreign Trade. (GAFT). More than (20) years' experience and heads the Audit Committee at JADA Fund of Funds Company (PIF owned), an independent member of the Audit Committee of Saudi Real Estate Construction Company - (TAMEAR), and an independent Audit Committee of Al Rashid industrial company. He held several executive and managerial positions at the Ministry of Defense, Capital Market Authority (CMA), PricewaterhouseCoopers (PWC). Joined secondment in U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, HARVARD Business School, and New York Institute of finance. He holds an MBA from University of South Florida, BSc in Accounting from King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals (KFUPM), Certified Fraud Examiner, and Certified Anti-money Laundering Specialist.

شهادات محلل مالي معتمد(CFA)، مدير مخاطر مالية معتمد(RRM)، زمالة الرابطة العالمية لمحترفي إدارة المخاطر (الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية)، محلل استثمارات بديلة معتمد، (الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية)، وزميل محاسب إداري معتمد من معهد المحاسبين الإداريين القانونيين) (CIMA) المملكة المتحدة. بسمة التويجري: متقاعدة من العمل الأكاديمي في جامعة الملك سعود، باحثة مستقلة، عضو لجنة القطاع المالي والتمويل في غرفة الرياض، عضو مجلس إدارة الجمعية السعودية لسيدات الأعمال وتمكين المنشآت النسائية (جمعية أهلية)، عضو الهيئة الإشرافية بملتقى أسبار (Think Tank). عملت الدكتورة بسمة لأكثر من (20) عاماً، قامت خلالها بتدريس العديد من المواد في مالية الشركات، لأكثر من (20) عاماً، قامت خلالها بتدريس العديد من المواد في مالية الشركات، العديد من المناصب القيادية الأكاديمية والإدارية، وشاركت في وضع الخطة الاستراتيجية للجامعة وإعداد الدراسات الذاتية للاعتماد الأكاديمي. حصلت على الاستراتيجية للجامعة وإعداد الدراسات الذاتية للاعتماد الأكاديمي. حصلت على درجة الدكتوراه في المالية من جامعة الملك سعود. لديها عدة أبحاث منشورة في درجة الدكتوراه في المالية من جامعة الملك سعود. لديها عدة أبحاث منشورة في درجة الدكتوراه في المالية من جامعة الملك سعود. لديها عدة أبحاث منشورة في درجة الدكتوراه في المالية من جامعة الملك سعود. لديها عدة أبحاث منشورة في درجة الدكتوراه في المالية من جامعة الملك سعود. لديها عدة أبحاث منشورة في

ناصر محمد الدغيثر: وكيل المحافظ للخدمات المشتركة في الهيئة العامة للتجارة الخارجية. له خبرة تزيد عن (20) عاما ويرأس لجنة المراجعة في شركة صندوق الصناديق "جَدَا" (المملوكة لصندوق الاستثمارات العامة)، وعضو مستقل في لجنة المراجعة في الشركة العقارية السعودية للتعمير "تعمير"، وعضو مستقل في لجنة المراجعة في شركة الراشد للصناعة. شغل العديد من المناصب القيادية والإدارية في وزارة الدفاع وهيئة السوق المالية وشركة برايس ووتر هاوس كوبرز. حصل على تدريب على رأس العمل في هيئة الأوراق المالية بالولايات المتحدة وهيئة تنظيم الصناعة المالية الأمريكية حصل على عدد من البرامج التدريبية في كلية هارفارد للأعمال ومعهد نيويورك للتمويل. حاصل على ماجستير إدارة الأعمال من جامعة جنوب فلوريدا، وبكالوريوس في المحاسبة من جامعة الملك فهد للبترول والمعادن، ومحقق احتيال معتمد، وأخصائي معتمد في مكافحة غسل الأموال.

مجال حوكمة الشركات والأسواق المالية.

#### c. Roles and responsibilities of the Fund Board

The responsibilities of the members of the fund board shall include the following:

 Approving material contracts, decisions and reports involving the fund. أدوار مجلس إدارة الصندوق ومسؤولياته
 تشمل مسؤوليات أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق، على سبيل المثال
 لا الحصر، الآتى:



- 2. Approve a written policy in regards to the voting rights related to the fund assets.
- 3. Overseeing and, where appropriate, approving or ratifying any conflicts of interest the fund manager has identified.
- Meeting at least twice annually with the fund manager's compliance committee or its compliance officer to review the fund manager's compliance with all applicable rules, laws and regulations.
- Approving all changes stipulated in Articles (62) and (63)
  of the Investment Funds Regulations "IFRs" before the
  fund manager obtains the approval or notification of the
  unitholders and the Authority (as applicable).
- Confirming the completeness and accuracy (complete, clear, accurate, and not misleading), and compliance with the IFRs, of the Terms and Conditions and of any other document, contractual or otherwise.
- 7. Ensuring that the fund manager carries out its obligations in the best interests of the unitholders, in accordance with the IFRs and the Fund's Terms and Conditions.
- 8. Reviewing the report that includes assessment of the performance and quality of services provided by the parties involved in providing significant services to the fund referred to in Paragraph (I) of Article (9) of IFRs, in order to ensure that the fund manager fulfils his responsibilities in the interest of unitholders in accordance with the Fund's Terms and Conditions and the provisions stipulated in IFRs.
- 9. Assessing the mechanism of the fund manager's handling of the risks related to the fund's assets in accordance with the fund manager's policies and procedures that detect the fund's risks and how to treat such risks.
- Have a fiduciary duty to unitholders, including a duty to act in good faith, a duty to act in the best interests of the unitholders and a duty to exercise all reasonable care and skill.
- 11. Approving the appointment of the external Auditor nominated by the Fund Manager.
- 12. Taking minutes of meetings that provide all deliberations and facts of the meetings and the decisions taken by the fund's board of director.
- 13. Review the report containing all complaints and the measures taken regarding them referred to in Paragraph (m) of Article (9) of IFRs, in order to ensure that the fund manager carries out his responsibilities in a way that serves the interest of unitholders in accordance with the Fund's Terms and Conditions and what contained in this Regulation.

- 1. الموافقة على جميع العقود والقرارات والتقارير الجوهرية التي يكون الصندوق طرفاً فيها.
- 2. اعتماد سياسة مكتوبة فيما يتعلق بحقوق التصويت المتعلقة بأصول الصندوق.
- الإشراف، ومتى كان ذلك مناسباً، الموافقة أو المصادقة على أي تعارض مصالح يفصح عنه مدير الصندوق وفقاً للائحة صناديق الاستثمار.
- الاجتماع مرتين سنوياً على الأقل مع لجنة المطابقة والالتزام لدى مدير الصندوق أو مسؤول المطابقة والالتزام لديه، للتأكد من التزام مدير الصندوق بجميع اللوائح والأنظمة المتبعة.
- الموافقة على جميع التغييرات المنصوص عليها في المادتين (62) و (63)
   من لائحة صناديق الاستثمار وذلك قبل حصول مدير الصندوق على موافقة مالكي الوحدات والهيئة أو إشعارهم (حيثما ينطبق).
- 6. التأكد من اكتمال ودقة شروط وأحكام الصندوق وأي مستند آخر (سواء أكان عقداً أم غيره) يتضمن إفصاحات تتعلق بالصندوق ومدير الصندوق وإدارته للصندوق، إضافةً إلى التأكد من توافق ما سبق مع أحكام لائحة صناديق الاستثمار.
- 7. التأكد من قيام مدير الصندوق بمسؤولياته بما يحقق مصلحة مالكي الوحدات وفقاً لشروط وأحكام الصندوق، وأحكام لائحة صناديق الاستثمار.
- 8. الاطلاع على التقرير المتضمن تقييم أداء وجودة الخدمات المقدمة من الأطراف المعنية بتقديم الخدمات الجوهرية للصندوق المشار إليه في الفقرة (ل) من المادة (9) من لائحة صناديق الاستثمار؛ وذلك للتأكد من قيام مدير الصندوق بمسؤولياته بما يحقق مصلحة مالك الوحدات وفقاً لشروط وأحكام الصندوق وما ورد في لائحة صناديق الاستثمار.
- 9. تقييم آلية تعامل مدير الصندوق مع المخاطر المتعلقة بأصول الصندوق وفقاً لسياسات وإجراءات مدير الصندوق حيال رصد المخاطر المتعلقة بالصندوق وكيفية التعامل معها.
- 10. العمل بأمانة وحسن نية واهتمام ومهارة وعناية وحرص وبما يحقق مصلحة مالكي الوحدات.
- 11. الموافقة على تعيين مراجع الحسابات بعد ترشيحه من قبل مدير الصندوق.
- 12. تدوين محاضر الاجتماعات التي تشتمل على جميع وقائع الاجتماعات والقرارات التي اتخذها مجلس إدارة الصندوق.
- 13. الاطلاع على التقرير المتضمن جميع الشكاوى والإجراءات المتخذة حيالها المشار إليه في الفقرة (م) من المادة (9) من لائحة صناديق الاستثمار؛ وذلك للتأكد من قيام مدير الصندوق بمسؤولياته بما يحقق مصلحة مالكي الوحدات وفقاً لشروط وأحكام الصندوق وما ورد في لائحة صناديق الاستثمار.
  - د. مكافآت أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق



Each Independent Board Member shall receive USD (533.33) for every meeting the member attends, and a minimum of two meetings shall be held per year.

#### A statement of any conflict or potential conflict of interest between the interests of a fund board member and the interests of the fund

Members of the Fund Board may be members of other funds that may seek investment objectives similar to those of the Fund. Therefore, in the exercise of its business, a member of the Fund Board may find himself in a situation of potential conflict of duties or interests with one or more funds. However, in such cases, the member shall take into account his obligations to act in the best interests of the Unitholders to the maximum practicable extent and not to overlook his obligations to his other clients when he considers any investment that may involve a potential conflict of interest, and in situations requiring voting, that Member shall refrain from doing so. To the date of issuing the Terms and Conditions, there is no significant business or other interest to the members of the Fund Board, which is likely to conflict with the interests of the Fund.

## f. A statement showing all the funds boards that the relevant board member is participating in

يتقاضى كل عضو مستقل مبلغ (533.33) دولار عن كل اجتماع يعقد بحضوره، ويتم عقد اجتماعين سنوياً بحد أدني.

## ه. تعارض المصالح بين مصالح عضو مجلس إدارة الصندوق ومصالح الصندوق

يجوز لأعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق أن يكونوا أعضاء من حين لآخر لصناديق أخرى قد تنشد أهدافاً استثمارية مماثلة لتلك الخاصة بالصندوق. ولذلك، فمن الممكن أن يجد أحد أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق، في نطاق ممارسته لأعماله، أنه في موقف ينطوي على تعارض محتمل في الواجبات أو المصالح مع واحد أو أكثر من الصناديق. وعلى أي حال، ففي تلك الحالات سوف يراي عضو مجلس الإدارة التزاماته بالتصرف بما يحقق أقصى مصالح مالكي الوحدات المعنيين إلى أقصى درجة ممكنة عملياً، وعدم إغفال التزاماته تجاه عملائه الآخرين عند الاطلاع بأي استثمار قد ينطوي على تعارض محتمل في المصالح، وفي الحالات التي تتطلب التصويت سوف يمتنع ذلك العضو عن ذلك. علماً أنه إلى تاريخ إعداد الشروط والأحكام، لا يوجد أي نشاط عمل أو مصلحة أخرى مهمة لأعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق أو أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق يُحتمل تعارضها مع مصالح الصندوق.

## و. جدول يوضح جميع مجالس إدارة الصناديق التي يشارك فيها عضو مجلس الصندوق

Fund's/ Member's Name	ناصر الدغيثر Nasser Aldegaither	د. بسمة التويجري Dr.Basmah AlTuwaijri	لوید کورا Lloyd Kawara	محمد السقاف Mohamma d AlSaggaf	اسم الصندوق / العضو
SNB Capital Saudi Riyal Trade Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي للمتاجرة بالريال السعودي
SNB Capital Sadaqqat Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي للصدقات
SNB Capital Diversified Saudi Riyal Fund	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي المتنوع بالريال السعودي
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Conservative Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي متعدد الأصول المتحفظ
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Income Plus Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي متعدد الأصول للدخل الإضافي
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Moderate Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلّي متعدد الأصول المتوازن
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Growth Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي متعدد الأصول للنمو
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Conservative Fund Saudi Riyal	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي متعدد الأصول المتحفظ بالريال
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Moderate Fund Saudi Riyal	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي متعدد الأصول المتوازن بالريال
SNB Capital Multi-Asset Growth Fund Saudi Riyal	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي متعدد الأصول للنمو بالريال
SNB Capital International Trade Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي للمتاجرة العالمية



Fund's/ Member's Name	ناصر الدغيثر Nasser Aldegaither	د. بسمة التويجري Dr.Basmah AlTuwaijri	لوید کورا Lloyd Kawara	محمد السقاف Mohamma d AlSaggaf	اسم الصندوق / العضو
SNB Capital Diversified USD Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي المتنوع بالدولار الأمريكي
SNB Capital Global Sukuk Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي للصكوك العالمية
SNB Capital – King Saud University Waqf Fund	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	صندوق الأهلي وجامعة الملك سعود الوقفي
AlAhli SEDCO Residential Development Fund				✓	صندوق الأهلي سدكو للتطوير السكني
AlAhli REIT Fund (1)				✓	صندوق الأهلي ريت (1)
AlAhli Makkah Hospitality Fund				✓	صندوق الأهلي للضيافة بمكة المكرمة
SNB Capital Tier One Sukuk Fund III				✓	صندوق الأهلي للصكوك ذات الفئة (1) الثالث
SNB Capital Real Estate Income Fund				✓	صندوق الأهلي العقاري للدخل
SNB Capital Danat Aljanob Real Estate Fund				✓	صندوق الأهلي دانة الجنوب العقاري
SNB Capital AlJawhara Real Estate Fund				✓	صندوق الأهلي الجوهرة العقاري
SNB Capital AlJawhara Real Estate Fund II				<b>√</b>	صندوق الأهلي الجوهرة العقاري الثاني
SNB Capital Real Estate Fund				<b>√</b>	صندوق الأهلي العقاري

# g. Topics discussed and issued resolutions, as well as the fund performance and fund achievement of its objectives

The Fund's Board of Directors held three meetings during 2024. The following is a summary of the key decisions approved and the matters discussed by the Fund's Board of Directors:

- Fund's objectives achievement and performance review.
- Risks related to the funds; including: liquidity, market, and operational risks.
- Ensuring fund's compliance to all applicable rules and regulations.

## ز. الموضوعات التي تمت مناقشتها والقرارات الصادرة بشأنها بما في ذلك أداء الصندوق وتحقيق الصندوق لأهدافه

عقد مجلس إدارة الصندوق ثلاثة اجتماعات خلال العام 2024م، وفيما يلي ملخصاً لأهم القرارات التي تم إقرارها والمواضيع التي تمت مناقشتها من قبل مجلس إدارة الصندوق:

- مناقشة تحقيق الصندوق لأهدافه وأدائه خلال العام.
- المخاطر المتعلقة بالصندوق بما في ذلك مخاطر السيولة، السوق، والتشغيل.
- التزام الصناديق بلوائح هيئة السوق المالية مع مسؤول المطابقة والالتزام.

## ج) مدير الصندوق ج) مدير الصندوق

1) Name and address of the Fund Manager	1) اسم مدير الصندوق، وعنوانه
SNB Capital Company	شركة الأهلي المالية
King Saud Road, P.O. Box 22216, Riyadh 11495, Saudi Arabia	طريق الملك سعود، ص.ب. 22216، الرياض 11495، المملكة العربية السعودية
Tel: +966 920000232	ھاتف: 920000232 966+
Website: www.alahlicapital.com	الموقع الإلكتروني: <u>www.alahlicapital.com</u>
2) Names and addresses of Sub-Manager / Investment	2) اسم وعنوان مدير الصندوق من الباطن و/أو مستشارين الاستثمار (إن
Adviser	وجد)

None.

لا يوجد.



#### 3) Investment Activities during the period

- During 2024, given the funds' investment objectives its' strategy continued to be conservative, focusing on Murabaha placements with local banks and investment-grade GCC Counterparties only.
- The liquidity and maturity profile was managed in a way that enabled it to take advantage of periods of higher rates on deposits, and retaining its shortmedium term maturity profile within the fund's guidelines and CMA regulations.

### 3) أنشطة الاستثمار خلال الفترة

- خلال العام 2024م، تركزت أغلب أنشطة استثمار الصندوق على صفقات المرابحة مع البنوك المحلية وبنوك دول مجلس التعاون الخليجي ذات التصنيف الائتماني العالى فقط وفقا لاستراتيجية الصندوق المتحفظة وأهدافه الاستثمارية.
- تدار سيولة ومدة استحقاق ودائع الصندوق باستراتيجية تمكن الصندوق من الاستفادة من فترات آرتفاع أسعار الفائدة، والمحافظة على المدى القصير– المتوسط لاستحقاقات ودائع الصندوق وفقاً لضوابط إدارة الصندوق ولوائح هيئة السوق المالية.

4) تقرير الأداء خلال الفترة Performance

أداء الصندوق **Fund Performance** 5.28% 5.28% **Benchmark Performance** 5.24% 5.24% أداء المـؤشـر

تفوق أداء الصندوق عن أداء المؤشر بفارق 4 نقطة أساس. The fund outperformed the benchmark by 4 bps.

### 5) Terms & Conditions Material Changes

1. Non-fundamental Changes: as shown below: A change of the membership of the Board of Directors of a number of investment funds due to the resignation of board member Mr. Abdulaziz Abalkhail (independent) from 20/03/1446H, corresponding to 23/09/2024G.

The formation of the Board of Director, after the change, shall be:

- 1. Mr. Mohammad AlSaggf (Chairman/Non independent)
- 2. Mr. Lloyd Kawara (Non-independent)
- 3. Dr. Basmah Al-Tuwaijri (Independent)
- 2. Non-fundamental Changes: as shown below: A change of the membership of the Board of Directors of a number of investment funds due to the appointment of board member Mr. Nasser Aldegaither (Independent) from 10/04/1446H, corresponding to 13/10/2024G.

The formation of the Board of Director, after the change, shall be:

- 1. Mr. Mohammad AlSaggaf (Chairman/Nonindependent)
- 2. Mr. Lloyd Kawara (Non-independent)
- 3. Dr. Basmah Al-Tuwaijri (Independent)
- 4. Mr. Nasser Aldegaither (Independent)

## 5) تغيرات حدثت في شروط وأحكام الصندوق

- تغييرات غير أساسية: كما هو موضح أدناه:
- تغيير في عضوية مجلس إدارة الصناديق الاستثمارية بسبب استقالة عضو مجلس الإدارة الأستاذ/ عبدالعزيز أبا الخيل (عضو مستقل) وذلك اعتباراً من تاريخ 1446/03/20هـ الموافق 2024/09/23م.

ليصبح أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق بعد التغيير:

- 1. محمد السقاف رئيس مجلس إدارة الصناديق (عضو غير مستقل)
  - 2. لويد كوارا (عضو غير مستقل)
  - 3. د. بسمة التوبجري (عضو مستقل)
  - تغييرات غير أساسية: كما هو موضح أدناه:

تغيير في عضوية مجلس إدارة الصناديق الاستثمارية بسبب تعيين عضو مجلس الإدارة الأستاذ/ ناصر الدغيثر (عضو مستقل) وذلك اعتباراً من تاريخ 1446/04/10هـ الموافق 2024/10/13م.

ليصبح أعضاء مجلس إدارة الصندوق بعد التغيير:

- 1. محمد السقاف رئيس مجلس إدارة الصناديق (عضو غير مستقل)
  - لوید کوارا (عضو غیر مستقل)
  - د. بسمة التويجري (عضو مستقل)
    - 4. ناصر الدغيثر (عضو مستقل)

to make an informed judgment about the fund's activities during the period

6) Any other information that would enable unitholders أي معلومة أخرى من شأنها أن تُمكِّن مالكي الوحدات من اتخاذ قرار مدروس ومبنى على معلومات كافية بشأن أنشطة الصندوق خلال الفترة

None.

7) Investments in other Investment Funds

7) الاستثمار في صناديق استثمارية أخرى



تم التنازل عن رسوم الإدارة للصناديق الاستثمارية التي يستثمر بها الصندوق Management fees charged on investments in the following الموضحة أدناه: funds have been rebated:

SNB Capital Al Sunbullah SAR.

صندوق الأهلى السنبلة بالربال.

Special commission received by the fund manager during the period

8) العمولات الخاصة التي حصل عليها مدير الصندوق خلال الفترة

No special commissions were received during the period.

لم يحصل مدير الصندوق على أي عمولات خاصة خلال الفترة.

9) Any other data and other information required by Investment Fund Regulations to be included in this report

9) أي بيانات ومعلومات أخرى أوجبت لائحة صناديق الاستثمار تضمينها

a. Conflict of Interests

Since August - 2021G.

None.

أ. تعارض في المصالحلا يوجد تعارض مصالح.

There is no conflict of interests.

b. Fund Distribution During The Year

ب. توزيعات الصندوق خلال العام
 لا يتم توزيع أي دخل وأرباح على مالكي الوحدات.

No income or dividends will be distributed to Unitholders.

ج. خطأ في التقويم والتسعير لا يوجد.

**Incorrect Valuation or Pricing** 

منذ أغسطس - 2021م.

**Investment Limitation Breaches** 

د. مخالفة قيود الاستثمار

None.

لا يوجد. 10) مدة إدارة الشخص المسجل كمدير للصندوق

10) Period for the management of the person registered as fund manager

11) A disclosure of the expense ratio of each underlying fund at end of year and the weighted average expense ratio of all underlying funds that invested in (where applicable)

11) الإفصاح عن نسبة مصروفات كلّ صندوق بنهاية العام والمتوسط المرجّح لنسبة مصروفات كل الصناديق الرئيسة المستثمر فيها (حيثما ينطبق)

N/A. لا ينطبق.

Custodian أمين الحفظ

## 1) Name and address of custodian

1) اسم أمين الحفظ، وعنوانه

**AlBilad Investment Company** 

شركة البلاد للاستثمار

King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 140, Riyadh 11411, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

طريق الملك فهد، ص.ب. 140، الرياض 11411، المملكة العربية السعودية

Tel: +966 92000 3636

هاتف:3636 92000 9636+

Website: www.albilad-capital.com

الموقع الإلكتروني: www.albilad-capital.com

### 2) Custodian's duties and responsibilities

## 2) واجبات ومسؤوليات أمين الحفظ

- Notwithstanding the delegation by a custodian to one or more third parties under the provisions of Investment Funds Regulations or the Capital Market Institutions Regulations, the custodian shall remain fully responsible for compliance with its responsibilities in accordance to the provisions of Investment Funds Regulations.
- يعد أمين الحفظ مسؤولاً عن التزاماته وفقاً لأحكام لائحة صناديق الاستثمار، سواء قام بتأدية مسؤولياته بشكل مباشر أم كلف بها طرفا ثالثاً بموجب أحكام لائحة صناديق الاستثمار أو لائحة مؤسسات السوق المالية.
- The custodian shall be held responsible to the fund manager and unitholders for any losses caused to the
- يعد أمين الحفظ مسؤولاً تجاه مدير الصندوق ومالكي الوحدات عن خسائر الصندوق الناجمة بسبب احتياله أو إهماله أو سوء تصرفه المتعمد أو تقصره المتعمد.



investment fund due to the custodian fraud, negligence, misconduct or willful default.

 The custodian shall be responsible for taking custody and protecting the fund's assets on behalf of unitholders, and taking all necessary administrative measures in relation to the custody of the fund's assets. يعد أمين الحفظ مسؤولاً عن حفظ أصول الصندوق وحمايتها لصالح مالكي الوحدات، وهو مسؤول كذلك عن اتخاذ جميع الإجراءات الإدارية اللازمة فيما يتعلق بحفظ أصول الصندوق.

### ه) مشغل الصندوق ه) Fund Operator

#### 1) Name and address of fund operator

#### **SNB Capital Company**

King Saud Road, P.O. Box 22216, Riyadh 11495,

Saudi Arabia

Tel: +966 920000232

Website: www.alahlicapital.com

## 1) اسم مشغل الصندوق، وعنوانه

شركة الأهلى المالية

طريق الملكّ سعود، ص.ب. 22216، الرياض 11495،

المملكة العربية السعودية هاتف: 920000232 69+

الموقع الإلكتروني: www.alahlicapital.com

#### 2) Operator's duties and responsibilities

- In relation to investment funds, the fund operator shall be responsible for operating the investment fund.
- The fund operator must maintain the books and records related to the operation of the fund it operates.
- The fund operator must establish a register of unitholders and must maintain it in the Kingdom in accordance to the Investment Funds Regulations.
- The fund operator shall be responsible for the process of dividends distribution (if available) to unitholders.
- The fund operator must process requests for subscriptions, redemption or transfer according to the fund's Terms & Conditions.
- The fund operator shall be responsible for calculating the price of the units and valuing the assets of the fund. In so doing, the fund operator shall conduct a full and fair valuation according to the fund's Terms & Conditions.

#### 2) واجبات ومسؤوليات مشغل الصندوق

- يكون مشغل الصندوق مسؤولاً عن تشغيل الصندوق.
- يقوم مشغل الصندوق بالاحتفاظ بالدفاتر والسجلات ذات الصلة بتشغيل الصندوق.
- يقوم مشغل الصندوق بإعداد وتحديث سجل بمالكي الوحدات وحفظه في
   المملكة وفقاً لمتطلبات لائحة صناديق الاستثمار.
- يُعدّ مشغل الصندوق مسؤولاً عن عملية توزيع الأرباح (إن وجدت) حسب سياسة التوزيع المنصوص عليها في شروط وأحكام الصندوق.
- يقوم مشغل الصندوق بإجراءات الاشتراك والاسترداد والتحويل حسب المنصوص عليها في شروط وأحكام الصندوق.
- يُعدُّ مشغل الصندوق مسؤولاً عن تقييم أصول الصندوق تقييماً كاملاً وعادلاً وحساب سعر وحدات الصندوق حسب ما ورد في شروط وأحكام الصندوق.

#### Name and Address of Auditor

#### **KPMG Professional Services**

Roshn Front – Airport Road P.O Box. 92876, Riyadh 11663,

Saudi Arabia

Tel: +966118748500

Website: www.kpmg.com/sa

اسم مراجع الحسابات، عنوانه

كى بى ام جى للخدمات المهنية

وآجهة روشن – طريق المطار ص.ب 92876، الرياض 11663 المملكة العربية السعودية

هاتف:966118748500+

الموقع الإلكتروني: www.kpmg.com/sa

## ) القوائم المالية (G) Financial Statements

As shown below in the financial statements section.

كما هو موضح أدناه في قسم القوائم المالية.



ح) حساب الزكاة حساب الزكاة

#### New regulations effective during the year

"The Minister of Finance via Ministerial Resolution No. (29791) dated 9 Jumada-al-Awwal 1444 H (corresponding to 3 December 2022) approved the Zakat Rules for Investment Funds permitted by the CMA.

The Rules are effective from 1 January 2023 requiring Investment Funds to register with Zakat, Tax and Customs Authority (ZATCA). The Rules also require the Investment Funds to submit an information declaration to ZATCA within 120 days from the end of their fiscal year, including audited financial statements, records of related party transactions and any other data requested by ZATCA. Under the Rules, Investment Funds are not subject to Zakat provided they do not engage in unstipulated economic or investment activities as per their CMA approved Terms and Conditions. Unitholders are obliged to pay due ZAKAT based on their unit owned.

During the current year, the Fund Manager has completed the registration of the Fund with ZATCA and submitted information declaration on time and the due ZAKAT amount for the year ended 31 December 2024 for the fund units was amounted to 0.29751 Saudi Riyal per unit".

## اللوائح الجديدة سارية المفعول خلال العام

"وافق وزير المالية بموجب القرار الوزاري رقم (29791) وتاريخ 9 جمادى الأولى 1444هـ (الموافق 3 ديسمبر 2022م) على قواعد الزكاة لصناديق الاستثمار المسموح بها من قبل هيئة السوق المالية.

تسري القواعد اعتبارًا من 1 يناير 2023 وتتطلب من صناديق الاستثمار التسجيل لدى هيئة الزكاة والضرائب والجمارك (الهيئة). كما تلزم القواعد أيضًا من صناديق الاستثمار تقديم إقرار معلومات إلى (الهيئة) خلال 120 يومًا من نهاية سنتها المالية، بما في ذلك القوائم المالية المدققة وسجلات المعاملات الأطراف ذات العلاقة وأي بيانات أخرى تطلبها الهيئة بموجب القواعد، لا تخضع صناديق الاستثمار للزكاة بشرط ألا تمارس أنشطة اقتصادية أو استثمارية غير مشروطة وفقا للشروط والأحكام المعتمدة من هيئة أسواق المال. سيتحمل كل مالك في حدود ملكيته سداد الزكاة عن تلك الوحدات.

خلال العام الحالي، أكمل مدير الصندوق عملية تسجيل الصندوق لدى الهيئة وتم تقديم إعلان المعلومات في الوقت المناسب وكان مبلغ الزكاة الواجب أداؤه للعام المالي المنتهي في 31 ديسمبر 2024 عن وحدات الصندوق 0.29751 ريال سعودي عن كل وحدة".

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 31 December 2024

together with the

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders** 



#### **KPMG Professional Services Company**

Roshn Front, Airport Road P.O. Box 92876 Riyadh 11663 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Commercial Registration No 1010425494

Headquarters in Riyadh

شركة كي بي إم جي للاستشارات المهنية مساهمة مهنية

واجهة روشنَّ، طريق المطار صندوق بريد ٩٢٨٧٦ الرياض ١٦٦٣ المملكة العربية السعودية سجل تجاري رقم ١٠١٠٤٢٥٤٤٤

المركز الرئيسي في الرياض

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of the SNB Capital International Trade Fund

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the **SNB Capital International Trade Fund** (the "Fund") managed by the SNB Capital Company (the "Fund Manager"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in net assets attributable to the Unitholders and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards), that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code's requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of the Fund Manager and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the SOCPA, and to comply with the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA"), the Fund's terms and conditions, and for such internal control as the Fund Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Fund Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, the Fund Board, are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.



## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of the SNB Capital International Trade Fund (continued)

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. 'Reasonable assurance' is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Fund Manager's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Fund Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, then we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit of the **SNB Capital International Trade Fund** (the "Fund").

**KPMG Professional Services Company** 

**Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen** 

License No. 382

Riyadh: 16 Ramadan 1446 H. Corresponding to 16 March 2025.

## SNB CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL TRADE FUND (Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS	Notes	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	9	541	2,619
Investments – net	10	130,454	113,100
Other receivables		43	28
Total assets		131,038	115,747
LIABILITIES			
Other payables		151	121
Net assets attributable to the Unitholders		130,887	115,626
Units in issue in thousands (number)		42,644	39,662
Net assets value per unit (USD)		3.0693	2.9153

## SNB CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL TRADE FUND (Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

## STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>
Special commission income on Murabaha contracts		8,175	6,246
Unrealised gain on fair value through profit or loss investments (FVTPL investments) – net		251	
Realised gain on FVTPL investments – net		24	
Other income		18	
Total income		8,468	6,246
Management fees	12	(665)	(506)
Value added tax expense		(100)	(76)
Administrative expenses		(70)	(97)
Auditors' remuneration	13	(15)	(15)
Shariah audit fees		(7)	(5)
Custody fees		(6)	(6)
Capital Market Authority fees		(2)	(4)
Fund Board remuneration		(1)	(7)
Expected credit loss allowance – net		(1)	(2)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		(867)	(718)
Profit for the year		7,601	5,528
Other comprehensive income for the year		<u></u>	
Total comprehensive income for the year		7,601	5,528

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>
Net assets attributable to the Unitholders at the beginning of the year	115,626	102,837
Total comprehensive income for the year	7,601	5,528
Net increase in net assets from unit transactions during the year		
Proceeds from units issued	91,577	33,184
Value of units redeemed	(83,917) 7,660	(25,923) 7,261
Net assets attributable to the Unitholders at the end of the year	130,887	115,626
UNITS TRANSACTIONS		
Transactions in units during the year are summarized as follows:	31 December <u>2024</u> Units	31 December <u>2023</u> in '000s
Units at the beginning of the year	39,662	37,061
Units issued	30,916	11,673
Units redeemed	(27,934)	(9,072)
Net increase in units	2,982	2,601
Units at the end of the year	42,644	39,662

## SNB CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL TRADE FUND (Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

	Note	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the year		7,601	5,528
Adjustments for:			
Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments – net		(251)	
Realised gain on FVTPL investments – net		(24)	
Charge for of expected credit loss allowance – net		1	2
		7,327	5,530
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
FVTPL investments		(11,987)	
Investments measured at amortised cost – net		(5,093)	(10,383)
Other receivables		(15)	
Other payables		30	34
Net cash used in operating activities		(9,738)	(4,819)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from units issued		91,577	33,184
Value of units redeemed		(83,917)	(25,923)
Net cash generated from financing activities		7,660	7,261
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2,078)	2,442
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	9	2,619	177
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9	541	2,619

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. THE FUND AND ITS ACTIVITIES

SNB Capital International Trade Fund (the "Fund") is a Shariah compliant open-ended investment fund, managed by SNB Capital Company (the "Fund Manager"), a subsidiary of The Saudi National Bank (the "Bank"), established under article 31 of the Investment Funds Regulations (the "Regulations") issued by the Capital Market Authority ("CMA"), for the benefit of the Fund's Unitholders.

The Fund offers investors the opportunity to participate in trade transactions which conform to Shariah principles, invest in Sukuk and other mutual funds or instruments that comply with Islamic Shariah investment principles.

The terms and conditions of the Fund were originally approved by the Saudi Central Bank ("SAMA") and subsequently endorsed by the CMA through a letter dated 18 Dhul Hijja 1429H (corresponding to 16 December 2008). The Fund commenced its activities on 6 Rajab 1407 H (corresponding to 6 March 1987).

#### 2. REGULATING AUTHORITY

The Fund is governed by the Regulations issued by the CMA's Board Resolution no. (1-219-2006) dated 3 Dhul Hijja 1427 H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) thereafter amended pursuant to the CMA's Board Resolution no. (2-22-2021) dated 12 Rajab 1442 H (corresponding to 24 February 2021), detailing requirements for all funds within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

#### 3. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA") and comply with the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the CMA and the Fund's terms and conditions.

#### 4. <u>BASIS OF MEASUREMENT AND PRESENTATION</u>

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention using the accrual basis of accounting and going concern concept except for investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") which are recorded at fair value.

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and non-current assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in order of their liquidity.

#### 5. FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in US Dollars ("USD") which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency and have been rounded off to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 6. CHANGES IN FUND'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS

During the year, there have been no significant changes to the terms and conditions of the Fund.

#### 7. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Fund Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

Significant areas where management has used estimates, assumptions or exercised judgements are as follows:

#### a) Measurement of expected credit loss ('ECL') allowance

The measurement of ECL allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behavior.

A number of significant judgments are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL allowance, such as:

- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL allowance;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product / market; and
- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk.

Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring ECL allowance are further detailed in note 14.2 (a) of these financial statements.

#### *b)* Fair value measurement (note 15)

#### 8. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented unless otherwise stated and the material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### 8.1 Financial assets and liabilities

#### Classification of financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is measured at its fair value and classified as measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. <u>MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### 8.1 Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

#### Classification of financial assets (continued)

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as measured at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows;
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest / commission on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets measured at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as measured at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest / commission on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund Manager may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

#### Financial assets measured at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL.

#### Business model assessment

The Fund Manager assesses the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Fund Manager;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated for example, whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Fund's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realized in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly purchased financial assets going forward.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. <u>MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

#### 8.1 Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

#### Classification of financial assets (continued)

#### Business model assessment (continued)

Financial assets that are held for trading and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL because they are neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets.

### Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest / commission

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. Interest or 'commission' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (for example: liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest / commission, the Fund considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Fund considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- leverage features;
- prepayment and extension terms;
- terms that limit the Fund's claim to cash flows from specified assets (for example, non-recourse asset arrangements); and
- features that modify consideration of the time value of money for example, periodical reset of interest / commission rates.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the ECL associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The allowance is based on the ECLs associated with the probability of default in the next twelve months unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination. In case of significant increase in credit risk since origination, allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs is recorded.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

The Fund classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost unless it has designated liabilities at FVTPL.

#### Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and liabilities measured at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, which is the date on which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Fund shall recognise a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated.

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus or minus, for an item not measured at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

## Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 8.1 Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

### Subsequent measurement

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gain or losses including any foreign exchange gains and losses, are recognized in profit or loss in 'realized and unrealized gains / (loss) on FVTPL investments – net' in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest / commission method and is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The 'amortised cost' of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured on initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative commission using effective interest / commission method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.

#### Derecognition

The Fund derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flow from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Fund neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of the financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset that is derecognised) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the the Fund is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

The Fund enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its statement of financial position but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets or a portion of them. If all or substantially all of the risk and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognized. The Fund derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

#### **Offsetting**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at FVTPL and foreign exchange gains and losses.

#### 8.2 Net Assets Value per unit

The net assets value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to the Unitholders included in the statement of financial position by the number of units outstanding at the year end.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

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#### 8. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 8.3 Units in issue

The Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Fund has redeemable units in issue. On liquidation of the Fund, they entitle the holders to the residual net assets. They rank pari passu in all respects and have identical terms and conditions. The redeemable units provide investors with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the Fund's net assets at each redemption date as well as in the event of the Fund's liquidation.

Redeemable units are classified as equity as these meet all of the following conditions:

- they entitle the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- they are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that are subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- the instruments do not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instruments over their life are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets of the Fund over the life of the instruments.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue or redemption of redeemable units are recognized directly in net assets as a deduction from the proceeds or part of the acquisition cost.

#### 8.4 Special commission income

Special commission income presented in the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income comprises of commission on financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost calculated on an effective interest / commission.

The 'effective interest / commission rate' is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument:

- to the carrying amount of the financial assets; or
- the amortised cost of the financial liability.

In calculating special commission income, the effective interest / commission rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the assets is not credit impaired) or to the amortised cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, special commission income is calculated by applying the effective interest / commission rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of special commission income reverts to the gross basis.

#### 8.5 Management fee expense

Management fee expense is recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as the related services are performed.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 8.6 Standards, and amendments thereof, adopted by the Fund

Below amendments to accounting standards, interpretations and amendments became applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2024. The Fund manager has assessed that the amendments have no significant impact on the Fund's financial statements.

#### Standards, interpretations and amendments

Amendments to IAS 1 - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current and non-current liabilities with covenants

Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 - Supplier finance arrangements

Amendments to IFRS 16 - Lease liability in a sale and leaseback transaction

#### 8.7 Standards, interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective

Standards, interpretations and amendments issued but not yet effective are listed below. The Fund intends to adopt these standards when they become effective.

Standards, interpretations and amendments	Description	Effective from periods beginning on or after the following date
Amendments to IAS 21	Lack of exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
IFRS 19	Disclosure Initiative – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint venture	Available for optional adoption / effective date deferred indefinitely

The above standards, interpretations and amendments are not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund's financial statements.

#### 9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

These comprise of bank balances held with a local bank having Moody's credit rating of A3 which is in line with globally understood definition of investment grade.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 10. <u>INVESTMENTS – NET</u>

Turnedou ando un como de de como de code code	Notes	31 December <u>2024</u> 118,192	31 December <u>2023</u> 113,100
Investments measured at amortised cost FVTPL investments	i) ii)	12,262 130,454	113,100
<ul> <li>i) Investments measured at amortised cost</li> <li>Investments measured at amortised cost include the f</li> </ul>	Collowing:		110,100

		31 December	31 December
	Note	2024	2023
Investments in Murabaha contracts	a)	118,220	113,127
Less: Expected credit loss allowance		(28)	(27)
Net investments measured at amortised cost		118,192	113,100

a) Murabaha placements are held with local and international banks. These carry profit rates ranging from 4.80% to 6.68% (2023: 5.5% to 6.5%) per annum with maturity up till 25 August 2025.

#### ii) FVTPL investments

Investments measured at fair value through profit or loss include the following:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2024 31 December 2023		December 2023
	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value	
Units of SNB Capital Al Sunbullah SAR					
Fund – a related party	12,011	12,262			

The investee fund is managed by the Fund Manager.

## 11. <u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS</u>

As per the requirements of CMA circular dated 31 December 2017, the Fund calculates provision for impairment in respect of financial investments measured at amortized cost using the incurred loss model, whereas IFRS 9 requires provisions to be measured using the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") method. This results in a difference between net assets calculated as per the requirements of IFRS 9 ("reported net assets value") and as per CMA circular ("trading net assets value").

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

## 11. <u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE UNITHOLDERS (CONTINUED)</u>

The following table shows the reconciliation between the Fund's reported net assets and trading net assets:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Reported net assets of the Fund Add: Expected credit loss allowance	130,887 28	115,626 27
Less: Provision for incurred credit losses	130,915	115,653
Traded net assets of the Fund	130,915	115,653
Units in issue in thousands (number)	42,644	39,662
Traded net asset value per unit (USD)	3.0700	2.9160

#### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties of the Fund include Fund Manager, Fund Board, other funds managed by the Fund Manager, the Saudi National Bank, being parent of the Fund Manager, and associated companies of the Fund Manager.

#### Transactions with key management personnel

The Fund is managed and administered by the Fund Manager. For these services, the Fund accrues daily, a management fee up to 0.45% (2023: 0.45%) per annum of the Fund's daily assets as set out in the Fund's terms and conditions.

The Fund Manager is also entitled to recover expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund relating to audit, custody, advisory, data processing and other similar charges. The maximum amount of such expenses that can be recovered from the Fund by the Fund Manager is restricted to 0.5% (2022: 0.5%) per annum of the Fund's net assets value at the respective valuation days. These expenses are recovered by the Fund Manager on an actual basis.

During the year, the Fund has entered into following transactions, other than those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, with related parties in the ordinary course of business. These transactions were carried out on the basis of approved terms and conditions of the Fund.

Name of	Nature of	Amount of transactions for the year ended		Net payable balance as at	
related party	transaction	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2024	2023	2024	2023
SNB Capital	Management fees (including value added tax)	765	582	124	83
Company	Expenses paid on behalf of the Fund	101	134		

## SNB CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL TRADE FUND (Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

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### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

## Investment in units of funds

During the year, other funds managed by the Fund Manager invested in the units of the Fund in the ordinary course of business. These transactions were carried out on the basis of approved terms and conditions of the Fund. Following are the details of transactions and closing balance in the units of the Fund:

Name of	Nature of	Amount of transactions for the year ended		Closing inves	stments as at
related party	transaction	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2024	2023	2024	2023
SNB Capital	Subscription of				
Multi-Asset	fund units			32	30
Conservative	Redemption of			32	30
Fund	fund units				
SNB Capital	Subscription of		250		
Diversified US	fund units		230	19,900	18,920
Dollar Fund	Redemption of			19,900	10,920
	fund units				
SNB Capital	Subscription of	250	3,004		
Multi Asset	fund units	230	3,004		3,017
Income Plus	Redemption of	1,078			3,017
Fund	fund units	1,076			
Al Razeen USD	Subscription of				
Liquidity Fund	fund units				1,042
	Redemption of	1,075	198		1,042
	fund units	1,075	176		
SNB Capital Al	Subscription of		2,000		
Sunbullah USD	fund units		2,000	3,517	6,750
Fund	Redemption of	3,518		5,517	0,730
	fund units	3,310			
SNB Capital	Subscription of		436		
King Saud	fund units		730		203
University	Redemption of	55	445		203
Waqf Fund	fund units	33	773		
SNB Capital	Subscription of	78	1,155		
Corporate	fund units	76	1,133	60	1,168
Sukuk Fund	Redemption of	1,210		00	1,100
	fund units	1,210			
SNB Capital	Subscription of	30	1,190		
Global Sukuk	fund units	30	1,190	504	1,214
Fund	Redemption of	795	_	304	1,214
	fund units	193			

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

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#### 13. <u>AUDITORS' REMUNERATION</u>

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Fee for:		
Statutory audit	7	7
Interim review	3	3
Zakat services	5	5
	15	15

#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risks, credit risks, liquidity risk and operational risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager and is ultimately responsible for the overall governance of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks are primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established in the terms and conditions document which sets out the Fund's overall business strategies, tolerance of risks and general risk management philosophy. Compliance with the limits are monitored by the Fund Board on a quarterly basis. In instances where portfolio has diverged from limits prescribed in the terms and conditions of the Fund, the Fund Manager is obliged to take actions to re-balance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines within prescribed timelines.

#### 14.1 Market risks

'Market Risk' is the risk that changes in market prices – such as currency risk, commission rate risk and other price risk – will affect the Fund's income or the fair value of its holdings in financial instruments.

#### a) Currency risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates and arises from financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies.

The Fund's financial assets are denominated in United States Dollar and Saudi Arabian Riyals. As the Saudi Arabian Riyal is pegged against the United States Dollar, there is unlikely to be any material impact on the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income in respect of the financial instruments denominated in Saudi Arabian Riyal.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024 Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 14.2 Market risks (continued)

#### b) Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk is the risk that the value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument or fair values of fixed coupon financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market commission rates. The Fund manages commission rate risk by investing in financial instruments that mature or re-price in the short term. Accordingly, the Fund is subject to limited exposure to fair value or cash flow commission rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market commission rate.

At 31 December 2024, the Fund is exposed to commission rate risk on its investments in Murabaha contracts. A reasonably possible change of 10 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) net assets and profit or loss by USD 0.12 million (2023: USD 0.11 million).

#### *c) Other price risk*

Other price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than foreign currency and commission rate movements. This other price risk arises primarily from uncertainty about the future prices of financial instruments that the Fund holds. The Fund Manager daily monitors concentration of risk in securities and industries in line with defined limits while closely tracking the portfolio level volatilities.

The effect on the net assets value as a result of the change in the fair value of investments as at 31 December due to a reasonably possible notional change in market value of the FVTPL investments by 10%, with all other variables held constants is as follows:

	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>	
	_		
Effect on net assets attributable to the Unitholders.	±1,226		

#### 14.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Fund Manager seeks to manage credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties, and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties.

The Fund is exposed to credit risk from its investments measured at amortised cost and bank balances. The bank balance is held with a local bank having Moody's credit rating of A3 which is in line with globally understood definition of investment grade. Accordingly, there is no material impact of expected credit loss allowance on this balance.

#### a) General approach for expected credit loss allowance

The Fund recognizes loss allowance for ECL on the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL. The Fund measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

The Fund measures loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for Stage 2 & Stage 3 exposures while loss allowance for Stage 1 exposures is measured at 12-month ECL.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

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#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 14.2 Credit risk (continued)

#### a) General approach for expected credit loss allowance (continued)

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the term structure of the following variables:

- Probability of default (PD)
- Loss given default (LGD)
- Exposure at default (EAD)

The Fund categorizes its financial assets into following three stages in accordance with the IFRS 9 methodology:

- Stage 1 financial assets that are not significantly deteriorated in credit quality since origination. The impairment allowance is recorded based on 12 months PD.
- Stage 2 financial assets that has significantly deteriorated in credit quality since origination. The impairment allowance is recorded based on lifetime ECL. The impairment allowance is recorded based on lifetime PD.
- Stage 3 financial assets that are credit impaired, the Fund recognizes the impairment allowance based on lifetime PD.

In assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly, the Fund examines the change in the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument. The staging criteria considers strong indicators of associated credit risk for each respective portfolio. Though the Fund has historically experienced no defaults across the funds, the Stage 2 criteria seeks to identify triggers indicative of a higher propensity to default while the finalized Stage 3 criteria lists objective indicators of default. The Fund also considers the forward-looking information in its assessment of significant deterioration in credit risk since origination as well as the measurement of ECL allowance.

ECL allowance represents probability-weighted estimates of credit losses. These are measured as follows:

- financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date: as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive);
- financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date: as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

The table below shows financial instruments subject to impairment:

_		202	4		2023
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Total
Investments measured at amortised cost	118,220			118,220	113,127
Expected credit loss allowance Carrying amount	(28) 118,192			(28) 118,192	(27) 113,100

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024 Expressed in US Dollars '000 (unless otherwise stated)

#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 14.2 Credit risk (continued)

#### a) General approach for expected credit loss allowance (continued)

- As IFRS 9 requires entities to adopt a futuristic outlook of the macroeconomic scenarios in their estimates of risk parameters, the usage of a scenario framework for the same is imperative. The Fund has adopted scenario weights for three scenarios baseline, upturn and downturn in line with external economic outlook and industry practice.
- The risk estimates derived are used along with the cashflows to arrive at the probability weighted ECL allowance across different stages.

The Fund Manager reviews credit concentration of the investment portfolio based on counterparties. The credit quality of the financial assets is managed using the ratings from reputable credit ratings agencies.

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Fund has investments measured at amortized cost with the following credit quality:

Credit ratings	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>
A+		9%
A	27%	36%
A-	61%	55%
BBB+	12%	
	100%	100%

The Fund Manager also reviews the credit concentration of the investment portfolio based on counterparties' geographical locations. The geographical concentration of the investment held at amortised cost is as follows:

	31 December <u>2024</u>	31 December <u>2023</u>
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	71,999	23,023
Qatar	22,416	40,130
United Arab Emirates	13,716	
Kuwait	10,089	49,974
	118,220	113,127

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 14.2 Credit risk (continued)

#### b) Expected credit loss allowance measurement

Investments measured at amortised cost

The following table explains the changes in the expected credit loss allowance for Murabaha contracts:

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Expected credit loss allowance as at 1				
January 2024	27			27
Charge for expected credit loss	1			1
Expected credit loss allowance as at 31				
December 2024	28		<del></del>	28
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Expected credit loss allowance as at 1				
January 2023	25			25
Charge for expected credit loss	2			2
Expected credit loss allowance as at 31				
December 2023	27			27

There was no movement in stages of financial instruments during the year.

#### 14.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund's terms and conditions provide for subscription and redemption of units on every Saudi business day and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of not being able to meet Unitholders' redemption requests on these days. The Fund Manager monitors liquidity requirements by ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions or liquidation of the investment portfolio.

#### 14.5 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect losses arising from a variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Fund's activities either internally or externally at the Fund's service provider and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from the legal and regulatory requirements.

The Fund's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation with achieving its investment objective of maximising returns to the Unitholders.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of control over operational risks rests with the Risk Management Team. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standard for the management of operational risk, which encompasses the controls and processes at the service providers and the establishment of service level agreements with the service providers, in the following areas:

(Managed by the SNB Capital Company)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 14.5 Operational risk (continued)

- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for:
  - appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
  - reconciliation and monitoring of transactions; and
  - periodic assessment of operational risks faced.
- the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- development of contingency plans;
- training and professional development;
- ethical and business standards; and
- risk mitigation.

#### 15. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an on-going basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market at a market price, because this price is assessed to be a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Fund uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction. The Fund recognizes transfer between levels of fair value at the end of the reporting year during which the change has occurred.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### Carrying amounts and fair value

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value. All fair value measurements below are recurring.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### 16. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Carrying amounts and fair value (continued)

_	As at 31 December 2024				
	Carrying amount	Fair value			
Einen in an annual at		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
FVTPL investments	12,262		12,262		<u></u>

The Fund determines fair value of investments in un-listed open-ended investment funds measured at FVTPL using unadjusted net assets value and classified them as level 2 as per the fair value hierarchy. During the year, there has been no transfer in fair value hierarchy for any financial assets or liabilities. For other financial assets and liabilities such as investment at amortised cost, cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and other payables, the carrying values were determined to be a reasonable approximation of fair value due to their nature.

#### 16. LAST VALUATION DAY

The last valuation of day for the year was 31 December 2024 (2023: 31 December 2023).

#### 17. <u>COMPARATIVE FIGURES</u>

Figures have been rearranged or reclassified wherever necessary for the purposes of better presentation; however, no significant rearrangements or reclassifications have been made in these financial statements.

#### 18. EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

There was no event subsequent to the statement of financial position date which required adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.

#### 19. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by the Fund Board on 16 Ramadan 1446 H corresponding to 16 March 2025.